Workshop

Proposed Amendment of the Law No Plant Breeders Right in accordance with the UPOV Convention and the Benefits of UPOV Membership for National Development Goals

Martin Ekvad, Director of Legal Affairs

Phnom Penh, Cambodia

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Overview

Topic 1

Overview of the UPOV Convention:

- Why was the UPOV Convention adopted
- Criteria for protection 2
- Scope of protection and exceptions
- Proceedings after grant
 - Cancellation, nullity
- Enforcement



The importance of development legislation in accordance with the **UPOV** Convention

Topic 4

UPOV

Topic 5

Benefits of UPOV membership and how can UPOV membership and plant variety protection contribute to achieving national development goals in the agriculture sector





Topic 1

Overview of the UPOV Convention;

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Why a separate IP Right for Plant Varieties

- No discussion that plant breeding is an intellectual action
- In a number of countries National systems for awarding breeders compensation for their breeding work existed in the 1960:ies
- Nature is a perfect copying machine

Existing IP Rights not applicable?

Discussions amongst founding countries:

- Reluctant to 'Patent Life'
- Fear for blocking progress through Patents
- There should be room for continued improvement
- How to create a meaningfull description of the 'invention'
- Patent criteria not suitable for plant varieties



Solutions in the 1961 Diplomatic Conference

- IP-Right with a Breeders' Exemption
- Official decision on the criteria to describe a variety after a field test before the right is granted
- The UPOV Convention was adopted in 1961 and has been updated in 1972, 1978 and 1991

UPOV: INDEPENDENT INTERGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION

The International <u>Convention</u> for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants established in 1961

The International <u>Union</u> for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants

Union internationale pour la protection des obtentions végétales

UPOV

(a) **Breeders and varieties**

- (b) National treatment
- (c) Conditions of protection
- (d) Breeder's right and exceptions
- (e) Matters after grant





The person entitled to protection

Variety

The subject matter of the protection



The person that

- Bred, or
- Discovered and developped the variety







Development is

necessary

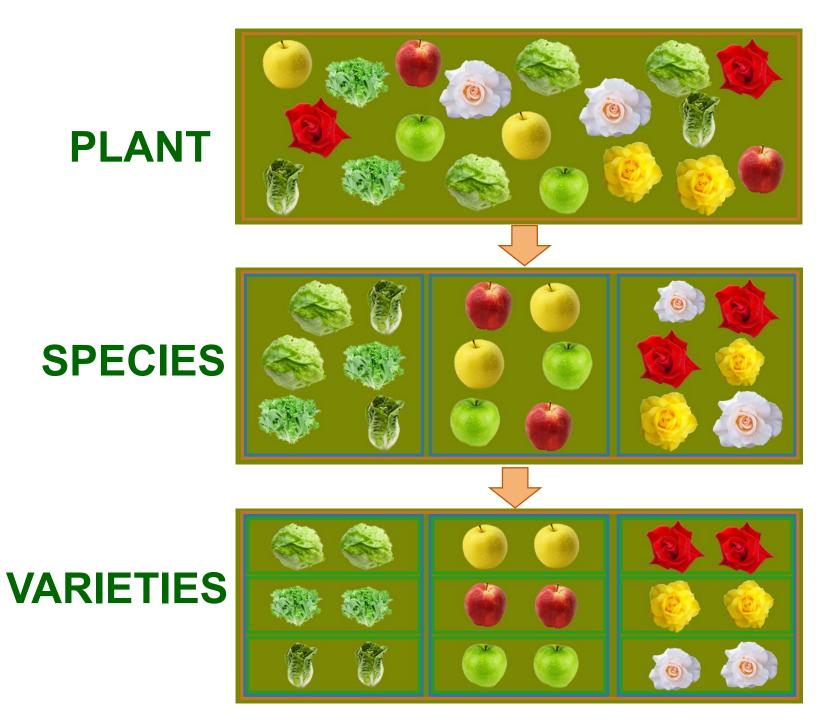


Breeder

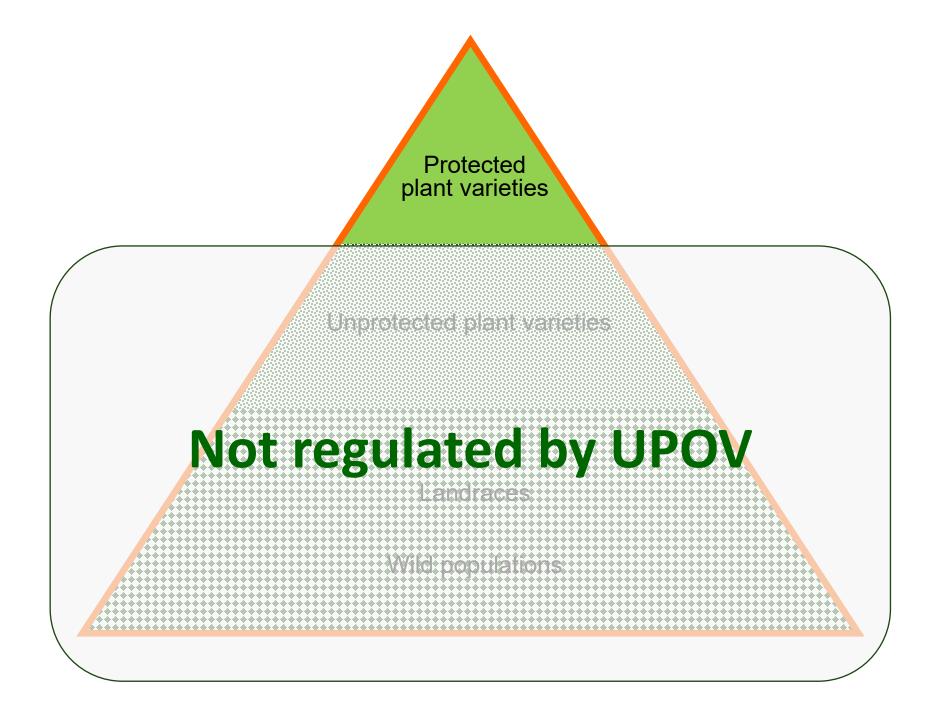
 There are no restrictions on who can be considered to be a breeder under the UPOV system:

≻A breeder might be:

- an individual
- a farmer
- a researcher
- a public institute
- a private company etc.



UPOV



UPOV

(a) Breeders and varieties
(b) National treatment
(c) Conditions of protection
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National treatment, within the territory of a member of the Union, for nationals and residents of any other members of the Union

Enjoy the same treatment as nationals of a UPOV member insofar as the grant and protection of breeders' rights are concerned

UPØV

- (a) Breeders and varieties
- (b) National treatment
- (c) Conditions of protection
- (d) Breeder's right and exceptions
- (e) Matters after grant



CONDITIONS FOR GRANTING A BREEDER'S RIGHT

- novelty
- distinctness
- uniformity
- stability
- variety denomination
- formalities
- payment of fees



NO OTHER CONDITIONS!



CONDITIONS FOR GRANTING A BREEDER'S RIGHT

Novelty :

No sale or disposal earlier than

- 1 year own territory
- 4 years other territories (6 years trees/vine) from the filing date
- Exception for varieties of recent creation (new members / extension of protection to additional genera or species)

The "DUS Test" (field trial)



DISTINCTNESS

Apple: Fruit color





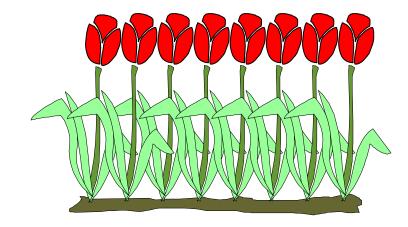
UPOV

Must be clearly distinguishable from any other variety (whether protected or not) whose existence is a matter of common knowledge

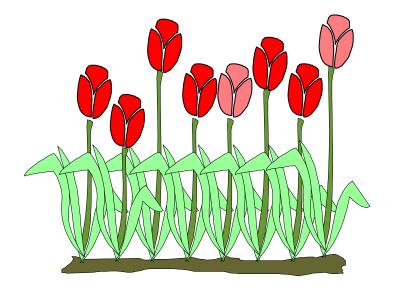
...anywhere in the World



UNIFORMITY



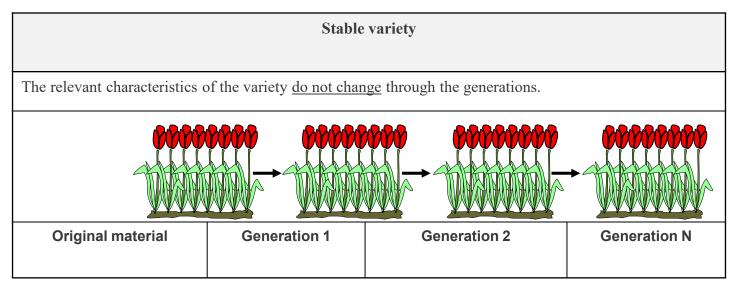
A uniform variety

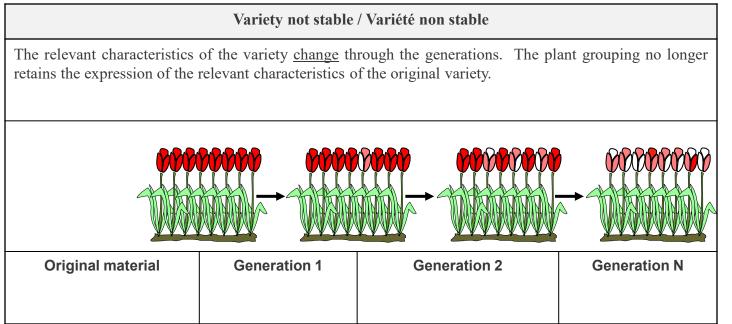


A variety lacking uniformity



STABILITY







COOPERATION

Cooperation between UPOV members is a key benefit of UPOV membership

Practical DUS experience offered for >3,733 genera and species



Number of genera and species for which varieties protected by members of the Union: > 4,470

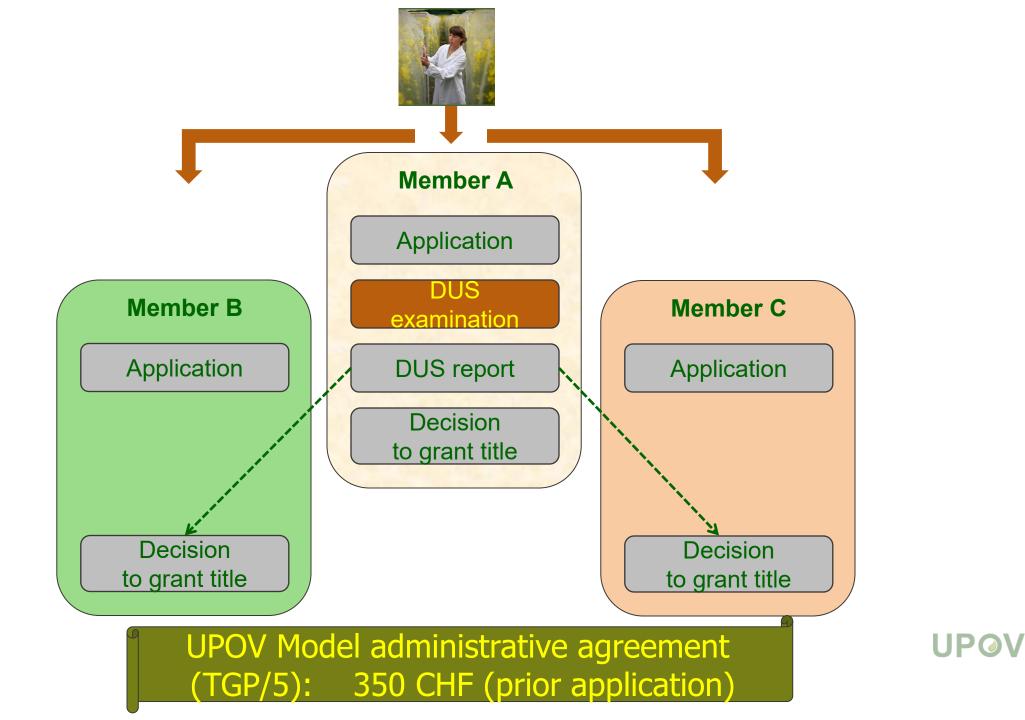
(14.860 titles granted in 2022)

Agreements for cooperation between members of the Union: > 1,799



Cooperation between Authorities can involve:

- use of existing DUS Test Reports from other Authorities
- bilateral arrangements to remove the need for duplication of DUS Tests
- centralized DUS testing at regional or global level



UPOV guidance on Article 20 of the 1991 Act:

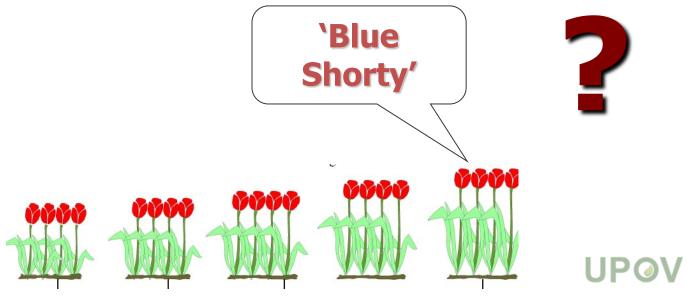
"Explanatory Notes on Variety Denominations under the UPOV Convention" (document UPOV/EXN/DEN)

(1) [Designation of varieties by denominations; use of the denomination]

(2) (a) The variety shall be designated by a **denomination which** will be its generic designation

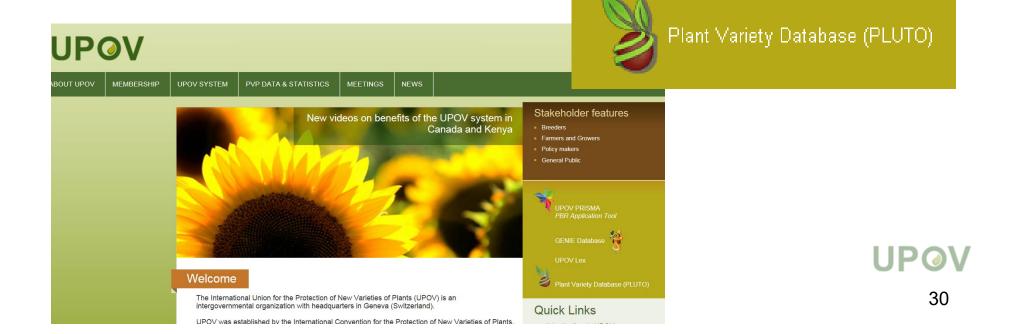
(2) [Characteristics of the denomination]

It **must not be liable to mislead or to cause confusion** concerning the characteristics, value or identity of the variety or the identity of the breeder.



(2) [*Characteristics of the denomination*]

In particular, it **must be different from every denomination** which designates, in the territory of any Contracting Party, **an existing variety** of the same plant species or of a closely related species.



Denomination search

					Penomination search	7
Enter UPOV code/botanical name/common name	Upov code	Botanical name	Common name	Breeder's reference	Denomination	
Please enter here	ORYZA	Oryza			tsuyahime	
Search options				3		
 Exact match 	 Extend to upper level 		 Extend to lower levels 	O Denomination	O Denomination class	
			4			
◯ Contains	◯ Starts		Phonetics			
⊖ Fuzzy	⊖ Ends		O Simil	arity Factor		
					Search Rese	t

UPOV

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MINIMUM DURATION OF PROTECTION



OTHER PLANTS 20 years

To be counted from the date of grant



Scope of breeders' rights

- a) Acts covered
- b) Material covered
- c) Varieties covered

Exceptions to the breeders' rights





Authorization of breeder required for:

Production or reproduction (multiplication) Conditioning for the purpose of propagation Offering for sale Selling or marketing Exporting Importing

Stocking for any of the above purposes

.... for any protected variety

SCOPE – Material covered

All propagating material









SCOPE – Material covered

Harvested material

If obtained through unauthorized use of propagating material <u>unless</u>, reasonable opportunity for breeder to exercise his right in relation to the propagating material











UPØV

Certain products (optional)

 if obtained through unauthorized use of harvested material <u>unless</u>, reasonable opportunity for breeder to exercise his right in relation to the harvested material



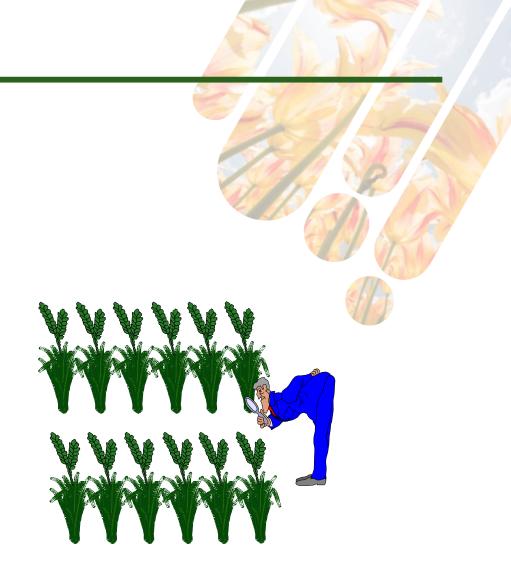




SCOPE – Varieties covered

In addition to the protected variety itself...

- Essentially derived varieties
- Varieties **not clearly distinguishable** from the protected variety
- Varieties whose production requires the repeated use of the protected varieties



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