General introduction to the Examination of DUS



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Contents

- 1. Purpose of DUS test
- 2. Role of DUS test
 - definition of a variety
 - How to observe characteristics
 - Examination of DUS

Plant Variety Protection system

New Variety

Breeding: needs a lot of time and money

Propagation: very quick and easy

✓ breeders may lose the chance to recover the cost of the breeding

Needs an effective system of PVP

- ✓ gives the breeder a chance to obtain a financial return
- encourage the development of new varieties more, then
- ✓ leads to contributing to agricultural development



Intellectual Property Right

Intellectual Property Right **Patent**

Utility Model Rights

Design Rights

Trademark Rights

Copyrights

Layout-design of integrated circuits

Protection from Unfair Competition

Plant Breeder's Rights

特許権(発明)

実用新案権(考案)

意匠権(デザイン)

商標権(マーク)

著作権

半導体回路配置利用権

営業秘密(不正競争防止)

育成者権

UPOV principles

Conditions for Protection

Article 5; 91 Act of the UPOV

[Criteria to be satisfied] The breeder's right shall be granted where the variety is

- New
- Distinct
- Uniform
- Stable

[Other conditions]denomination, fees

What is DUS?

Distinctness

must be distinguishable from any other varieties



What is DUS?

Uniformity

U: must be uniform



What is DUS?

Stability

must be unchanged after repeated propagation

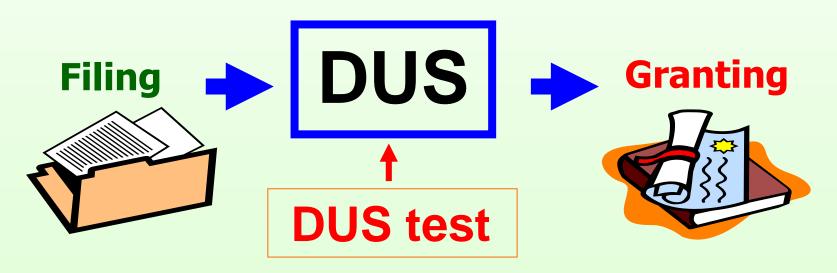


UPOV principles

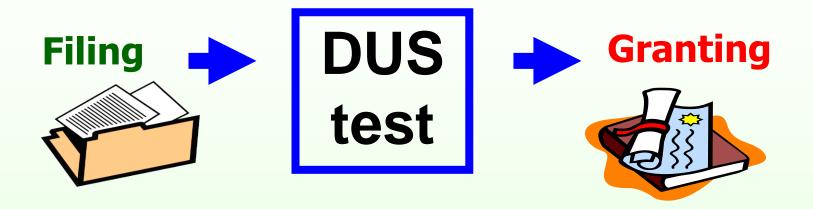
Examination of the Application

Article 12; 91 Act of the UPOV

Any decision to grant a breeder's right shall require an examination for compliance with the conditions under article 5 to 9.



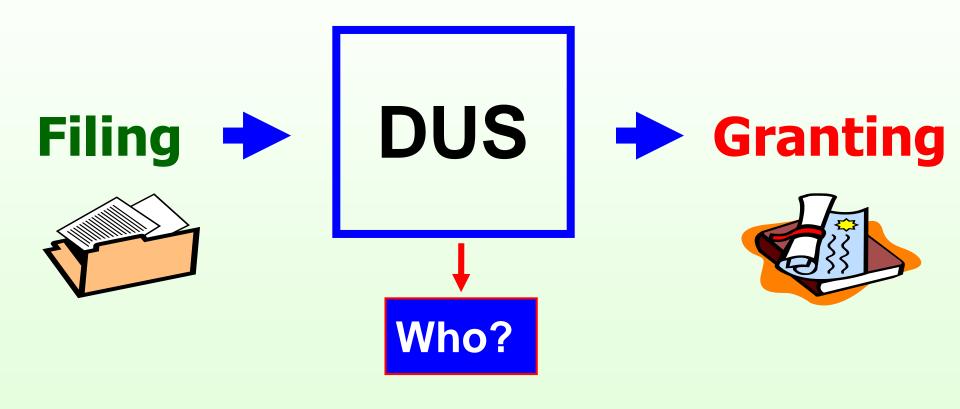
DUS test



DUS test

- ✓ to assess whether the variety meets
 the DUS requirements
- ✓ a test to be conducted before protection is granted for new varieties

What is DUS test?



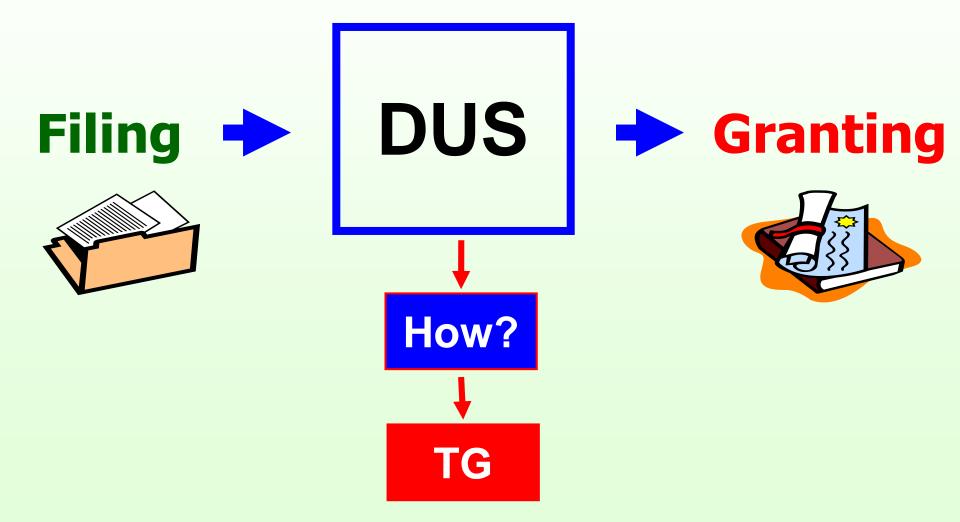
Who does the DUS test?

Article 12; 91 Act of the UPOV

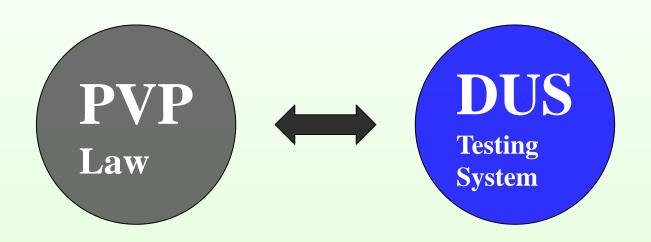
DUS growing test is conducted by

- ✓ Authority offices (Public Institute...)
- **✓**Breeder
- ✓ Purchase the test result from other country

What is DUS test?



PVP System



What should we do in the DUS test?

Purpose of DUS test

■ Characteristics as the Basis for Examination of DUS TG/1/3: 2.4

- 1. For any variety to be capable of protection it must first be clearly defined.
- 2. Only after a variety has been defined <u>can it be finally examined for fulfillment of</u>
 <u>the DUS criteria</u> required for protection.
- 3. <u>a variety is defined by its characteristics</u> and that those characteristics are therefore the basis on which a variety can be examined for DUS.

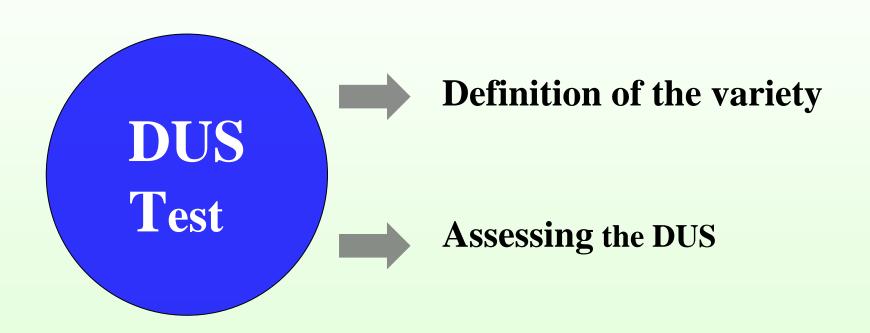


characteristics → basis for examining DUS of a variety.

purpose of DUS test

- 1. Definition of the variety using the characteristics
- 2. Examination of DUS

Purpose of DUS test



Role of

DUS test

1. Definition of a variety by the expression of characteristics

- 1. For any variety to be capable of protection it must first be clearly defined.
- 2.Only after a variety has been defined can it <u>be finally examined for fulfillment of the</u>8 <u>DUS criteria</u> required for protection.

To define the variety

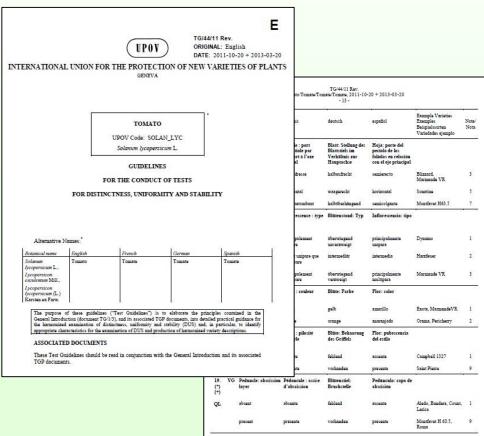
by the expression of characteristics



To clarify the expression of characteristics, then make a variety description of the variety

■ How to define the variety





19. (*) (+)	VG	Peduncle: abscission layer	Example varieties	Note
QL		absent	Aledo, Bandera, Count, Lerica	1
		present	Montfavet H 63.5, Roma	9



1 Absent

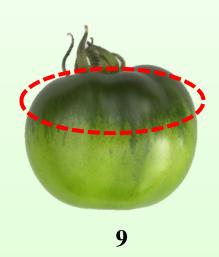


9 Present

TGs for Rice

21. (*) (+)	VG	Fruit: green shoulder (before maturity)	Example varieties	Note
QL	(b)	absent	Felicia, Rio Grande, Trust	1
		nrecent	Daniela, Montfavet H 63.5	9

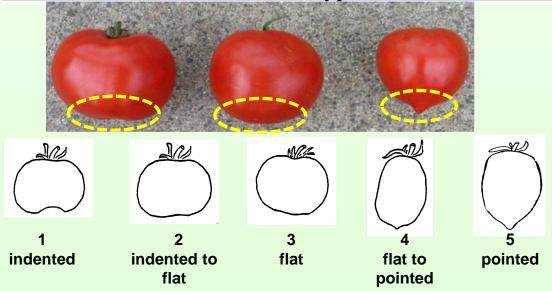




present

TGs for Rice

33. (+)	VG	Fruit: shape at blossom end	Example varieties	Note
QN	(c)	indented	Marmande VR, Super Mech	1
		indented to flat		2
		flat	Montfavet H 63.4, Montfavet H 63.5	3
		flat to pointed	Cal J, Early Mech, Peto Gro	4
		pointed	Europeel, Heinz 1706, Hypeel 244, Roma VF	5



Example: the characteristics assessed are . . .



abscission layer
9: present



green shoulder





shape at blossom end

3: flat



The variety description which is defined by the expression of characteristics

■ Variety description



http://o-e-c.net/syokuzai/tomato

UP OV No.	Characteristics	States of Expression
1	Seedling: anthocyanin coloration of hypocotyl	9
2	Plant: growth type	1
3	Only determinate growth type varieties: Plant: number of inflorescences on main stem (side shoots to be removed)	5
4	Stem: anthocyanin coloration of upper third	3
5	Only indeterminate growth type varieties: Stem: length of internode (between 1st and 4th inflorescence)	
6	Leaf: attitude (in middle third of plant)	5
7	Leaf: length	5
8		
9		

■ Variety description

total 41 chars.



Char No.	Characteristics	States of Expression	Notes
1	First leaf: anthocyanin coloration of sheath	medium	5
2	First leaf: shape of apex	rounded	3
3	Foliage: intensity of green color	medium	2
4	Leaf: undulation of margin of blade	intermediate	2
5	Leaf: angle between blade and stem	small	3
6	Leaf: curvature of blade	slightly recurved	3
7	Stem: degree of zig-zag	slight	2
8	Tassel: time of anthesis	early to medium	4
••	•••••	••	

The variety description → defined by the expression of characteristics

■ Variety description



total 65 chars.

Ch ar No.	Characteristics	States of Expression	Notes
1	Coleoptile: anthocyanin coloration	weak	3
2	Basal leaf: sheath color	light purple	3
3	Leaf: intensity of green color	medium	5
4	Leaf: anthocyanin coloration	present	9
5	Leaf: distribution of anthocyanin coloration	margin only	2
6	Leaf sheath: anthocyanin coloration	present	9
7	Leaf sheath: intensity of anthocyanin coloration	weak to medium	4
8	Leaf: pubescence of blade	weak to medium	4
9			••

How to observe

Characteristics

- ✓ Type of expression of characteristics
- ✓ Type of assessment

- QL
- QN
- PQ



Qualitative

Characteristics

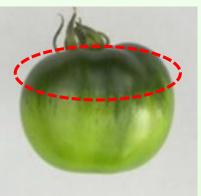


- **✓** Expressed in discontinuous states
- ✓ As a rule, the characteristics are not influenced by environment

Fruit: green shoulder (before maturity)



Absent 1

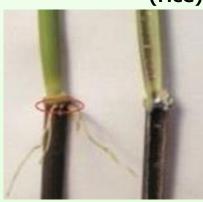


Present 9

Stem: anthocyanin coloration of nodes (rice)



Absent 1

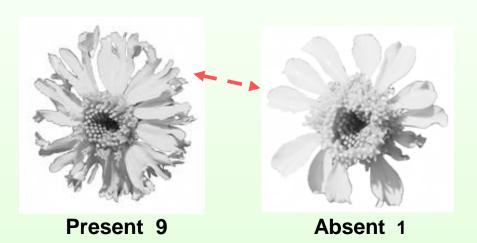


Present 9



eye zone

Ligulate floret: incision of margin (Marigold)



flower: presence of eye zone (Impatiens)





Absent 1

Present 9



Tree: sex expression of flowers (persimmon)

16. (*)	(a) Tree: sex expression of flowers	Example variety	Notes
QL	female only	Fuyu, Hiratanenashi, Jiro	1
	female and male	Hanagosho	2
	female, male and hermaphrodite	Kubogataobishi, Meotogaki	3

	ploidy		(watermelon)	
1 (*) (+)	VG	Ploidy	Example variety	Notes
QL		diploid	SP 4, Sugar Baby, Yamato 3	2
		triploid tetraploid	Boston, TRIX 313	3 / 4 /





Example of QL

- Anthocyanin coloration; absent, present
- Ploidy; diploid, triploid, tetraploid
- Sex; male, female
- Leaf margin; entire, serrate, dentate
- Flower type; single, double
- Color of vein; green, red
- Border of eye zone; sharp, diffuse
- Fruit: surface; smooth, bumpy



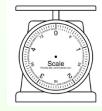


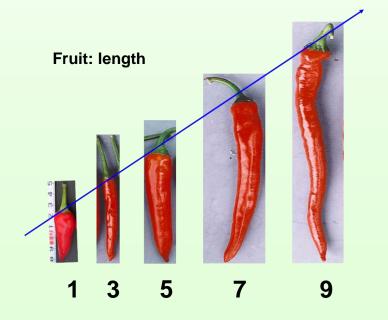
Quantitative

Characteristics



- ✓ are measurable on a one-dimensional scale and show continuous variation
- ✓ length, height, width, thickness, weight,...

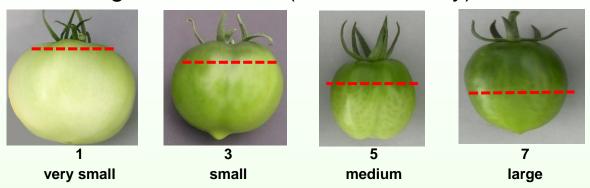




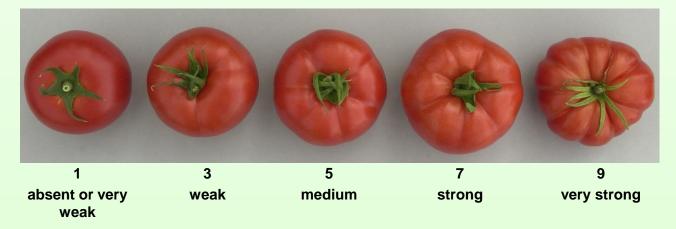
states of expression	Notes
very short	1
very short to short	2
short	3
short to medium	4
medium	5
medium to long	6
long	7
long to very long	8
very long	9

Type of Expression: QN

Fruit: extent of green shoulder (before maturity)



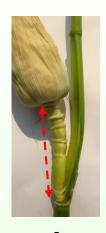
Fruit: ribbing at peduncle end





Ear: length of peduncle







5

Stem: anthocyanin coloration of brace roots











.

9



"1-9" scale

notes	states
1	very small (or: absent or very small)
2	very small to small
3	small
4	small to medium
5	medium
6	medium to large
7	large
8	large to very large
9	very large

notes	states
1	very weak (or: absent or very weak)
2	very weak to weak
3	weak
4	weak to medium
5	medium
6	medium to strong
7	strong
8	strong to very strong
9	very strong



Limited range

"1-5" scale

Stem: attitude

note	states
1	erect
3	semi-erect
5	prostrate

"1-4" scale

leaf blade: angle of apex

note	states
1	acute
2	Right-angled
3	moderately obtuse
4	strongly obtuse

"1-3" scale

Flower: fragrance

note	states
1	Absent or very weak
2	weak
3	strong

Example of QN

- height, length, width, thickness, diameter, weight, size, number of flowers, firmness, time of flowering(harvest, maturity)
- intensity of green color, anthocyanin coloration, attitude of blade, hairiness, leaf: waxiness, leaf: waviness, leaf: undulation of margin, leaf: angle of apex, fragrance, glossiness, resistance to disease,



Pseudo Qualitative

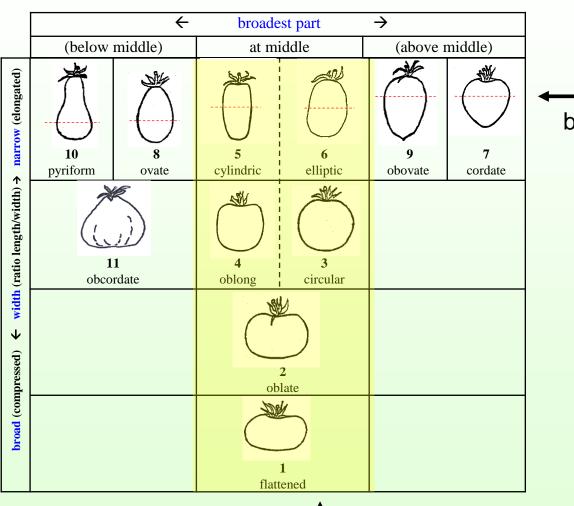
Characteristics

- ✓ range of expression is at least partly continuous, but varies in more than one dimension
- ✓ shape, color

	English	Example variety	Note
18 (+)	Ligulate floret: shap	е	
PQ	flat	Teo	1
	intermediate	Ah-Kin	2
	trumpet	Tlalocan	3



(Tomato)
Fruit: shape in longitudinal section



broadest part

TG/44 Tomato

	English	Example variety	Note
28 (*) (+)	Fruit: shape in longitudinal section		
PQ	flattened	Campbell 28, Marmande VR	1
VG	oblate	Montfavet H 63.4, Montfavet H 63.5	2
	circular	Cerise, Moneymaker	3
	oblong	Early Mech, Peto Gro	4
	cylindric	Hypeel 244, Macero II, San Marzano 2	5
	elliptic	Alcaria, Castone	6
	cordate	Valenciano	7
	ovate	Dualrow, Soto	8
	obovate	Duquesa,	9
		Estelle Rimone, Rio Grande	
	pyriform	Europeel	10
	obcordate	Cuore del Ponente, Magno	11

TGs for Rice

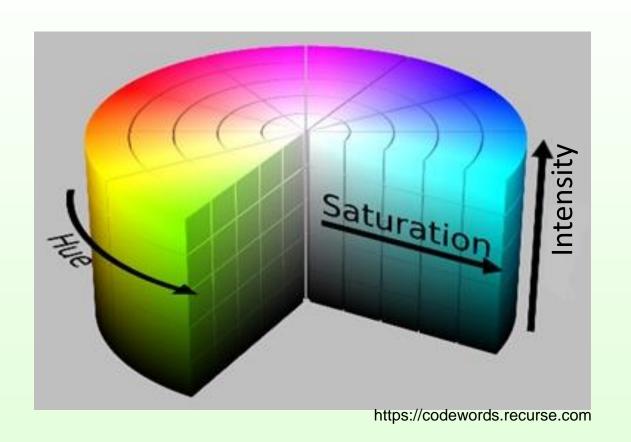
61 (*)		Decorticated grain: color	Example varieties	Note
PÇ	2	white	NTL1	1
		light brown	Bắc thơm số 7	2
		variegated brown		3
		dark brown		4
		light red		5
		red	DTL2	6
		variegated purple		7
		purple		
		dark purple/black		







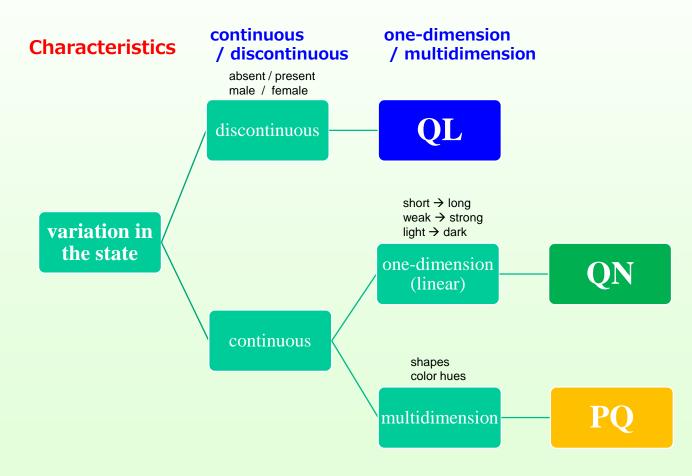
Kaneda;2005



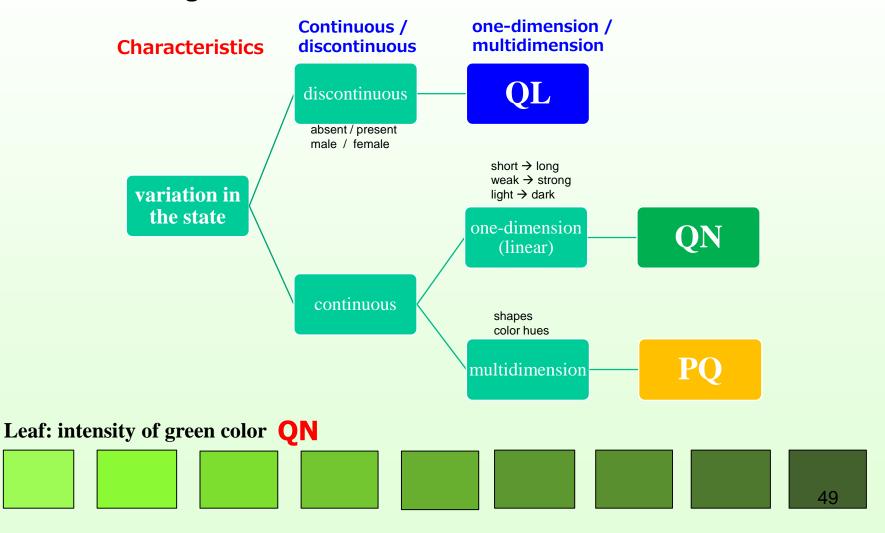
Color: three dimension



Decision making chart



Decision making chart



Type of Expression



each type has different ability for distinctiveness

- Method of Observation
- Type of record

	·			Cor	'n
16.	(VG)	Ear: anthocyanin			_
(*)	~/	coloration of silks			
QN		absent or very weak	Bonus (SC), F7, F195,	1	
		weak	El Toro (SC), F257	3	
		medium	F244, Gyöngymazsola (SC)	5	
		strong	W401	7	
	 .	very strong		9	
8.	(MG)	Tassel: time of anthesis			_
PQ	(c)	very early	Jazon, White Mirabell	1	
	. ,	very early to early	Goldene Königin, Yellow Pear	2	
		early	Sungold	3	
		early to medium	Aichi First	4	
		medium	Daniela, Ferline,	5	
			Montfavet H 63.5		
		medium to late	Ozyrys	6	
		late	Green Grape, Green Zebra	7	
		late to very late	AM1513	8	52
		very late		9	

Method of observation

M (measurement): using a ruler, weighing scales, dates, counts, etc.

V (visual) : visual observation includes smell, taste and touch

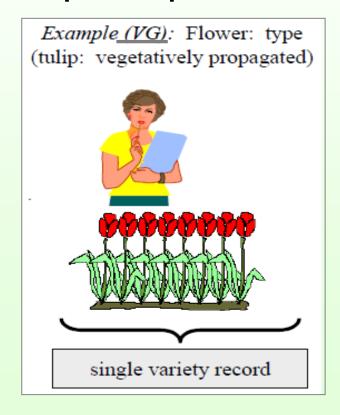
Type of record

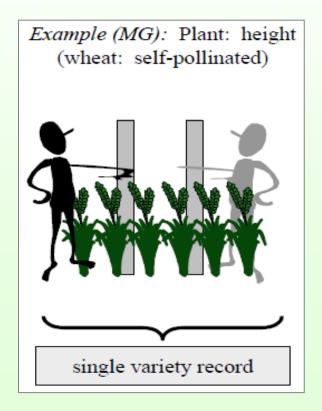
G (Group): single record for a variety, or a group of plants or parts of plants

S (Single): record for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants

VG: Visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants.

MG: Measurement by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants.

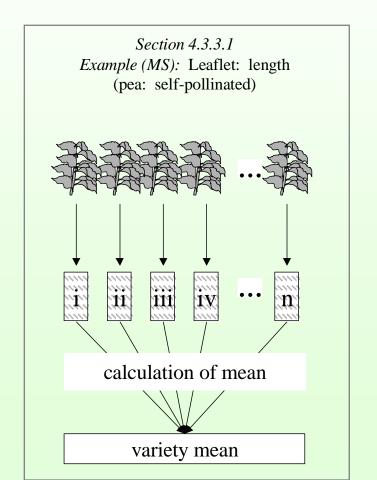


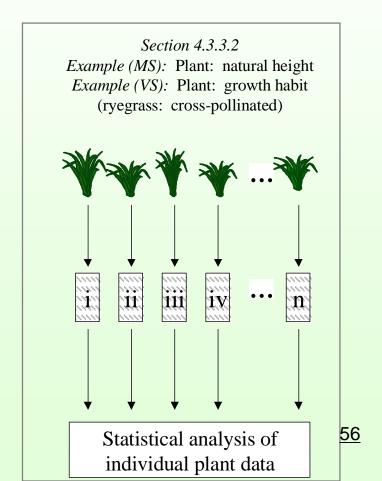


12.	(VG)	Leaf: intensity of green		
		color		
$\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{N}$	(a)	light	Macero II, Poncette, Rossol	3
	· /	medium	Lucy	5
		dark	Allround, Daniela, Lorena,	7
		uaik		,
			Red Robin	
21.	(\mathbf{VG})	Fruit: green shoulder		
(*) (+)		(before maturity)		
\mathbf{QL}	(b)	absent	Felicia, Rio Grande, Trust	1
		present	Daniela, Montfavet H 63.5	9
37.	(VG)	Fruit: color (at maturity)		
(*) (+)				
PQ	(c)	cream	Jazon, White Mirabell	1
		yellow	Goldene Königin, Yellow Pear	2
		orange	Sungold	3
		pink	Aichi First	4
		red	Daniela, Ferline, Montfavet H 63.5	5
		brown	Ozyrys	6
		green	Green Grape, Green Zebra	7

MS: Measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants.

VS: Visual assessment by observation of a number of individual plants or parts of plants.





43.	(MS)	Time of flowering		
(+)				
$\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{N}$		early	Feria, Primabel	3
-		medium	Montfavet H 63.5, Prisca	5
		late	Manific, Saint-Pierre	7
44.	(MG)	Time of maturity		
(*) (+)				
QN		very early	Dolcevita, Sungold, Sweet	1
			Baby	
		early	Bianca, Rossol, Shiren	3
		medium	Gourmet, UC 82B	5
		late	Arletta, Durinta	7
		very late	Daniela	9

Type of assessment in Tomato TGs

	QL	PQ	QN	Total
VS	0	0	0	0
VG	11	3	19	33
VG/MS	0	0	12	12
MS	0	0	1	1
MG	0	0	1	1
	11	3	33	47

+ 23 QL : Disease char.

QL,PQ; mainly Visual

QN; Visual, Measurement

Type char Excel