

Progress in Accession to UPOV for 10 years: Impacts and Challenges for Agricultures in Viet Nam

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OUTLINE OF THE PRESENTATION

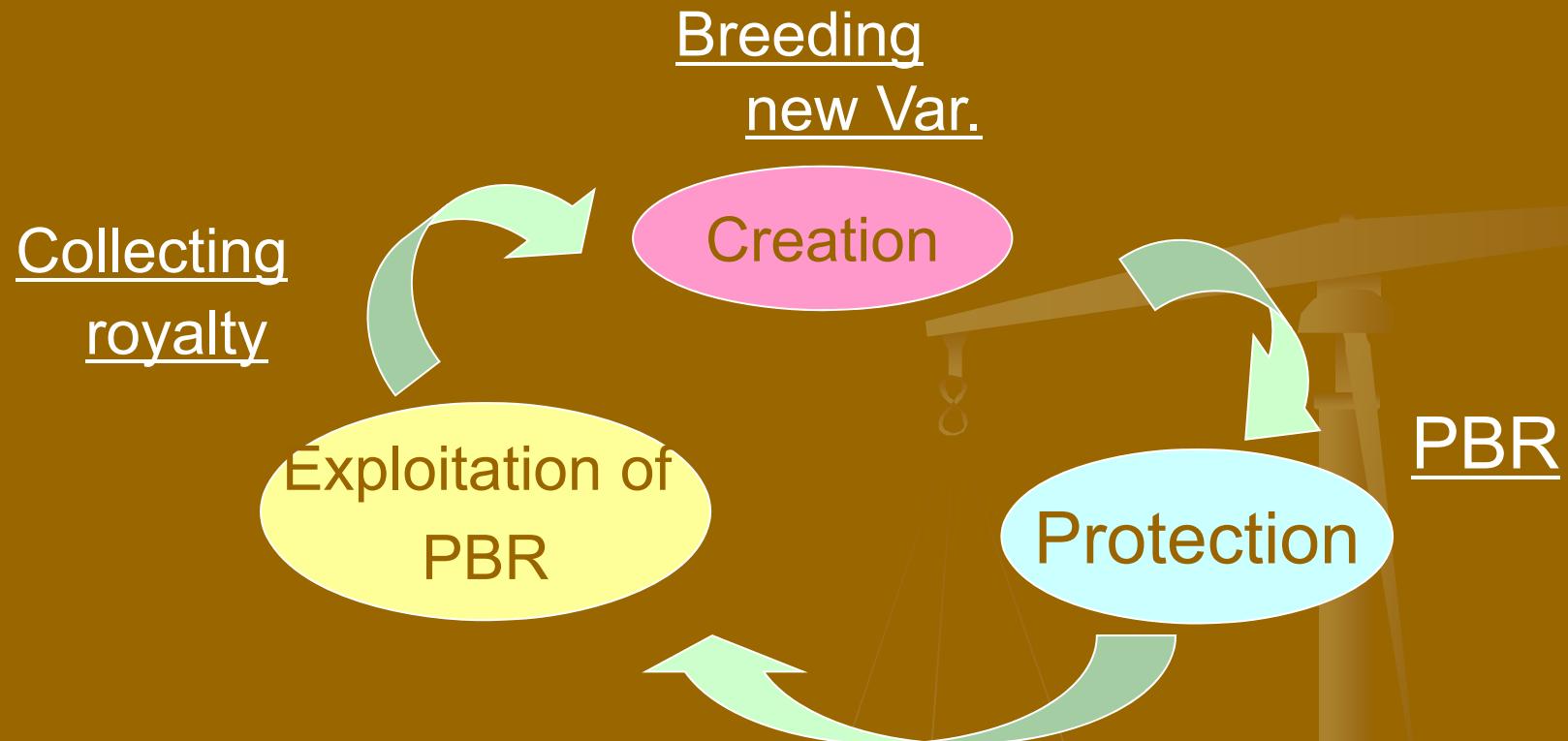
- DEVELOPMENT OF PVP IN VIETNAM
- MAIN POINTS FOR PVP LEGISLATION IN VN
- IMPACT TO AGRICULTURE IN VIETNAM
- CHALLENGES
- MEASURES TO SOLVE THE CHALLENGES

Background

- Agricultural country.
- High density of population
- Improve living standard of the people – The current main purpose of VN's Government
- Seed Sector play an important role for the purpose – big contribution of new plant varieties



Vietnam decided to establish PVP system



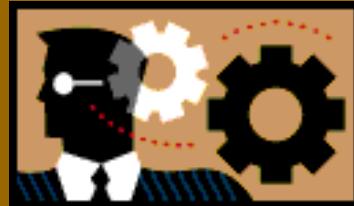
- PVP encourage breeding and introduce new plant varieties with good features to the farmer – Benefit for farmer and consumer – benefit for society

DEVELOPMENT OF PVP IN VIETNAM



The development of PVP in Vietnam

- ✓ Operating the system under UPOV Convention
- ✓ Exploit the benefits from PVP system



Implementing PVP System under UPOV Convention

- ✓ Organizations to implement: PVPO/DUS Test Office
- ✓ Drafting Legislation Document



Study the real conception of PVP

1995-2000

Establishing National PVP system and Preparations to join UPOV

2000-2006

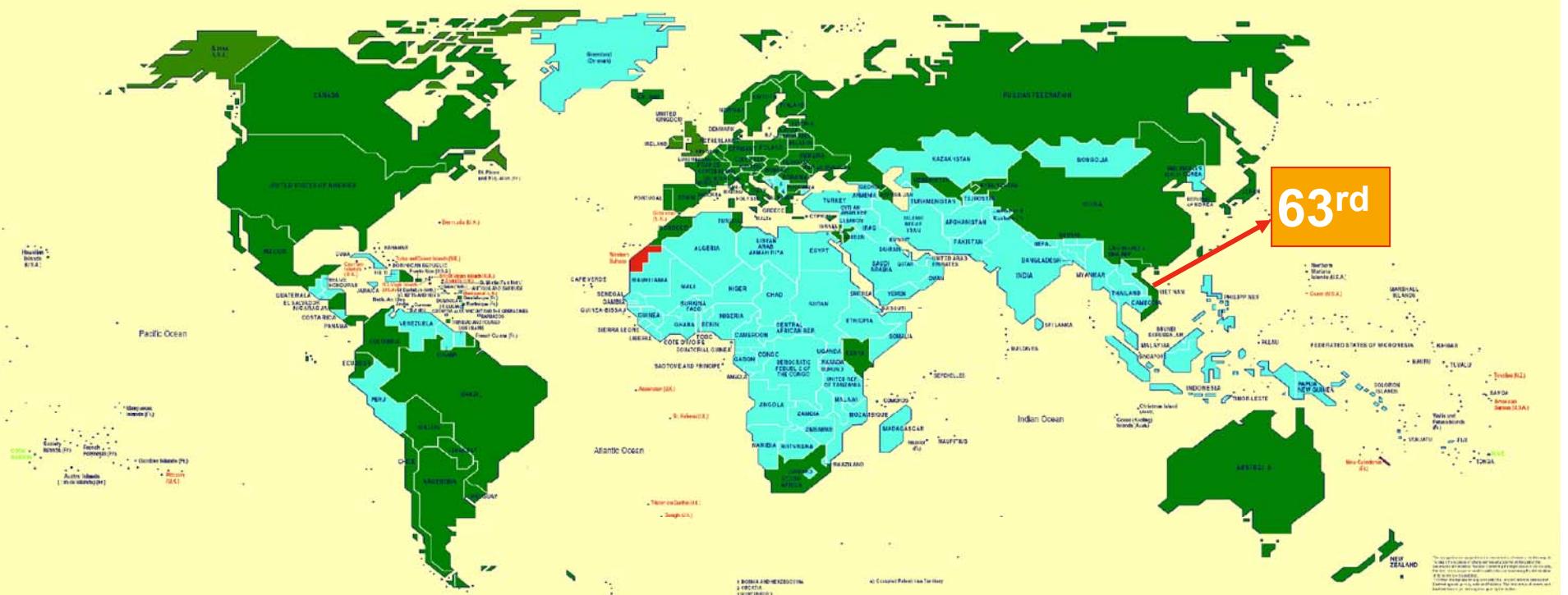


- ✓ Dispatching staffs to Overseas
- ✓ Invite Experts from experienced countries and UPOV
- ✓ Seminars/Workshops on PVP for relevant persons

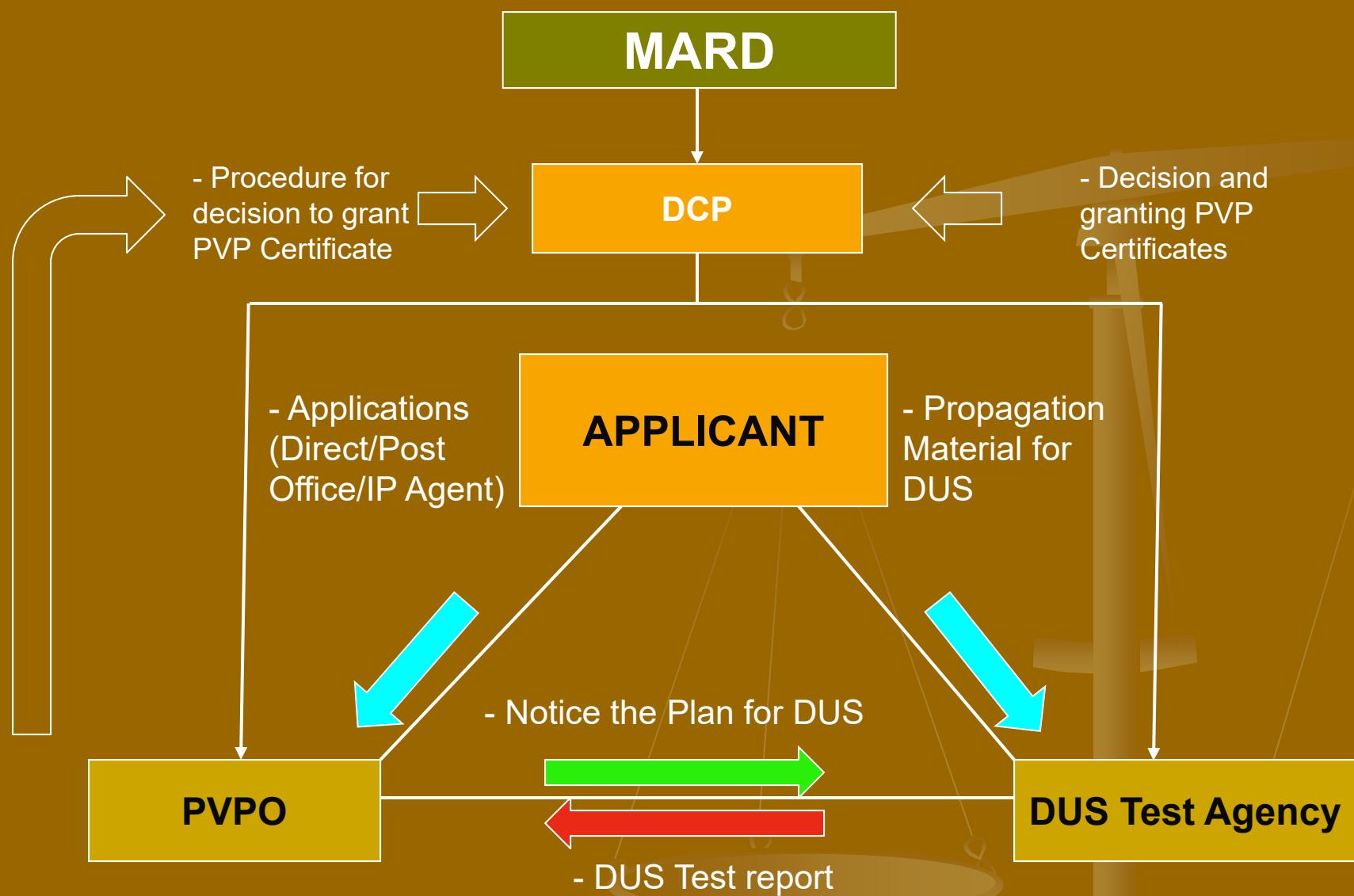


Members of UPOV (24th Dec, 2006)

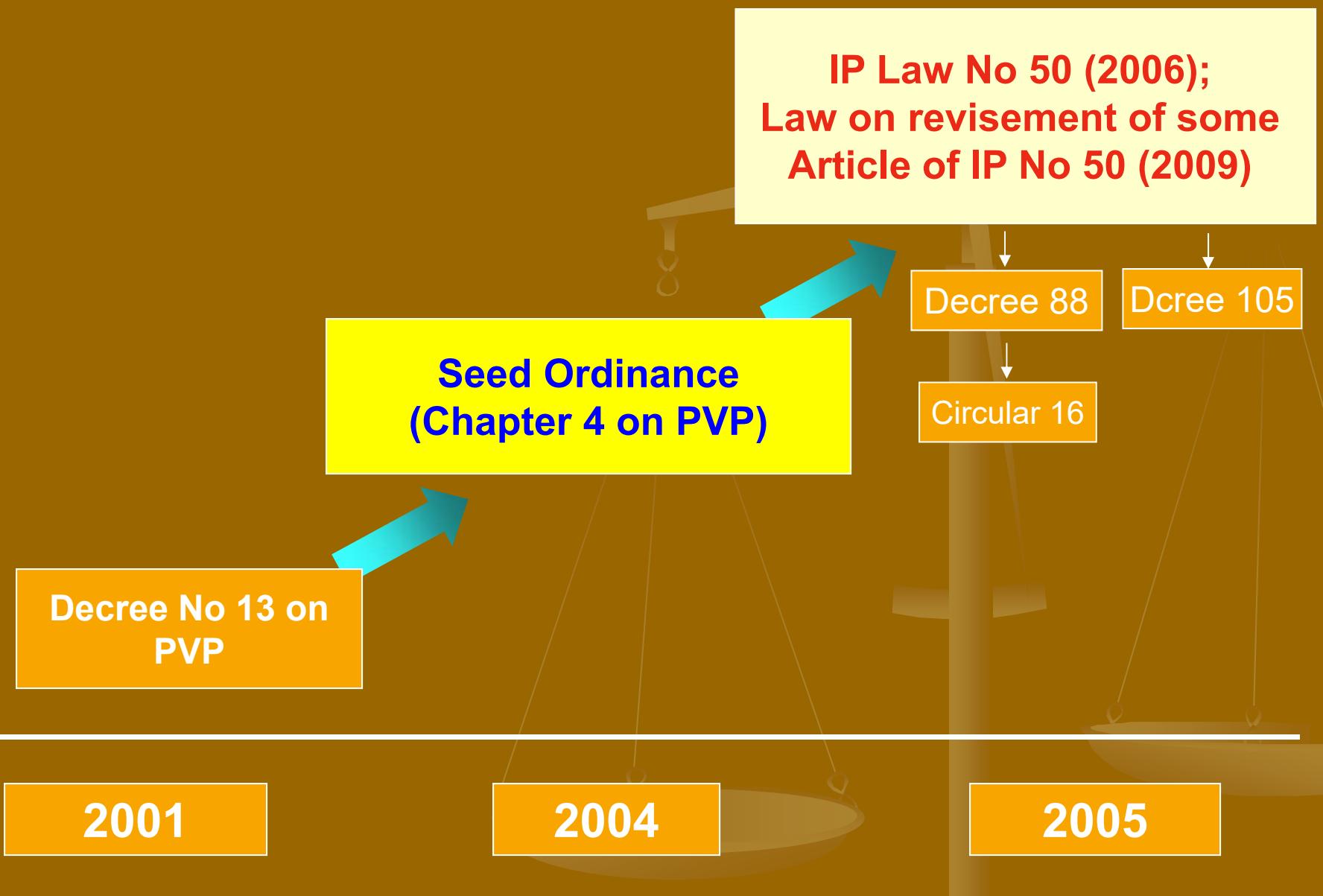
74 COUNTRIES



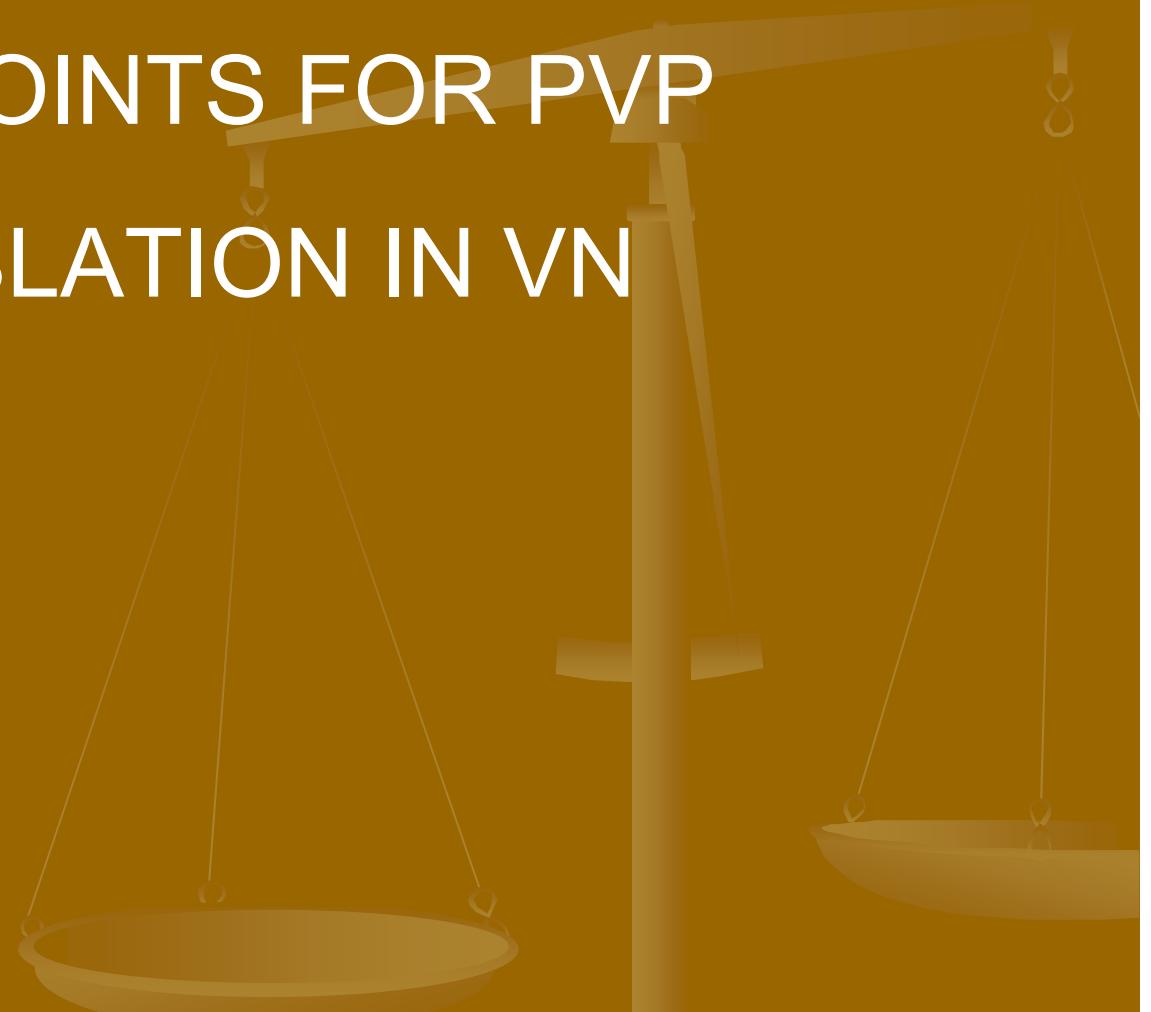
Organization System



Legislation on PVP



MAIN POINTS FOR PVP LEGISLATION IN VN



Applicants

- Vietnamese Organizations, Individual; Foreigners who are citizen or resident in a country which have agreement on PVP with Vietnam or foreigners which register a permanent residence in Vietnam:
 - Bred or discovered and develop a new variety;
 - Invested to the breeding or discovered and develop a new variety;
 - Has lawful right of PVP
 - Pay the fees.

Conditions for PVP in Vietnam

- A plant variety can be protected in VN when it is
 - ✓ New
 - ✓ Distinct (D), Uniformity (U) and Stability (S)
 - ✓ Suitable denomination
 - ✓ Belong to a species in the List of protected species

The List of protected species in VN

- | | | |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1. <i>Oryza Sativa</i> L. | 12. <i>Gossypium hirsutum</i> L. và
<i>Gossypium barbadense</i> L. | 19. <i>Zingiber officinale</i> Rosc. |
| 2. <i>Zea mays</i> L. | 13. <i>Vitis</i> L. | 20. <i>Mangifera indica</i> L. |
| 3. <i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merrill | 14. <i>Brassica oleracea</i> L. | 21. <i>Gerbera</i> Cass |
| 4. <i>Arachis hypogaea</i> L. | 15. <i>Citrus</i> L. <i>Rutaceae</i> | 22. <i>Gladiolus</i> L. |
| 5. <i>Lycopersicon esculentum</i> Mill | 16. <i>Fragaria</i> L. | 23. <i>Lilium</i> L. |
| 6. <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> (L) | 17. <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L. | 24. <i>Dianthus</i> L. |
| 7. <i>Rosa</i> L. | 18. <i>Cucurbita maxima</i> Duch;
<i>Cucurbita pepo</i> L; <i>Cucurbita moschata</i> L. | 25. <i>Daucus carota</i> L. |
| 8. <i>Chrysanthemum</i> spec. | | 26. <i>Saccharum</i> L. |
| 9. <i>Citrullus lanatus</i>
(Thunb) Matsum et Nakai | | 27. <i>Hevea</i> Aubl. |
| 10. <i>Cucumis sativus</i> L. | | 28. <i>Citrus grandis</i> L. |
| 11. <i>Cammellia sinensis</i> | | 29. <i>Malus domestica</i> Borkh |
| | | 30. <i>Carica papaya</i> L. |

The List of protected species in VN

31. <i>Musa acuminata</i> Colla; <i>Musa xparadisiaca</i> L.	37. <i>Coffea arabica</i> L. <i>Coffea canephora</i> Pierre ex.A.Froehner	42. <i>Prunus arminiaca</i> L.
32. <i>Momordica Charantia</i> L.	38. <i>Ficus</i> L. (<i>Ficus costata</i> Ait; <i>Ficus benjamitina</i> L.; <i>Ficus carica</i> L.)	43. <i>Lotus corniculatus</i> L
33. <i>Tagetes</i> L.	39. <i>Pennisetum americanum</i> [L] Leeke; <i>Pennisetum purpureum</i> Schumach;	44. <i>Dimocarpus Longan</i> L.
34. <i>Hylocereus</i> (Haw.) Britton & Rose; <i>Hyceloreus Costaricensis</i> (F.A.C Weber); <i>Hylocereus Polyrhizus</i> (F.A.C Weber)	40. <i>Ampelopsis cantoniensis</i> (Hook.et.Am) Planch.	45. <i>Litchi chinensis</i> L.
35. <i>Allium Cepa</i> ;	41. <i>Ipomoea batatas</i> L	46. <i>Cymbidium</i> Sw.
36. <i>Allium Oschaninii</i> O.Fedtsch		47. <i>Amaranthus</i> L.
		48. <i>Lactus</i> sp.
		49. <i>Psidium guava</i> L.
		50. <i>Euphorbia pulcherrima</i> Willd.ex Klotzsch
		51. <i>Raphanus sativus</i> L.
		52. <i>Prunus persica</i> (L) Batsch)

The List of protected species in VN

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| 53. <i>Clerodendrum kaempferi</i> (jacq) Siebold, exhassk | 63. <i>Lactus</i> sp. | 70. <i>Brassica pekinensis</i> Lour. Rupr. |
| 54. <i>Bauhinia</i> sp. | 64. <i>Brassica oleracea</i> L. Convar <i>botrytis</i> (L.) Alef.
<i>Var.botrytis</i> L. | 71. <i>Apium graveolens</i> L. |
| 55. <i>Moringa oleifera</i> L. | 65. <i>Solanum melongena</i> L. | 72. <i>Vicia faba</i> L. var.
major Harz |
| 56. <i>Anthurium</i> Schott. | 66. <i>Vigna unguiculata</i> (L)
<i>Walp.supsp.secquibedalis</i> (L) Verdc. L. | 73. <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill. |
| 57. <i>Phalaenopsis</i> Blume. | 67. <i>Pisum sativum</i> L. | 74. <i>Ananas comosus</i> (L.) Merr. |
| 58. <i>Persea americana</i> Mill. | 68. <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L. | 75. <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i> (L.) Moench. |
| 59. <i>Begonia ×hiemalis</i> Fotsch | 69. <i>Lagenaria siceraria</i> (Molina) Stanley. | 76. <i>Diospyros kaki</i> L. |
| 60. <i>Kalanchoe blossfeldiana</i> Poelln. | | 77. <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L. |
| 61. <i>Bougainvillea</i> . | | 78. <i>Colocasia esculenta</i> (L.) Schott |
| 62. <i>Calathea</i> . | | |

The List of protected species in VN

79. <i>Dendrobium</i> Sw	89. <i>Chumbera, Nopal tunero, Tuna và Nhóm Xoconostles</i>	99. <u><i>Castanea dentata</i></u> Mill.
80. <i>Mokara</i>		100. <i>Aleurites fordii</i> (Hemsl.).
81. <i>Pyrus communis</i> L.		101. <i>Quercus</i> L.
82. <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindl.		102. <i>Piper nigrum</i> L.
83. <i>Ipomoea aquatica</i>	91. <i>Sorghum Bicolor</i> L.	103. <i>Anacardium occidentale</i> L.
84. <i>Manihot esculenta</i> Crantz	92. <i>Sesamum Indicum</i> L.	104. <i>Theobroma cacao</i> L.
85. <i>Nicotiana tabacum</i> L.	93. <i>Curcuma zedoaria</i>	105. <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L.
86. <i>Dahlia</i> Cav.	94. <i>Curcuma aromatic</i> a	106. <i>Medicago sativa</i> L.
87. <i>Crinum latifolium</i> L.	95. <i>Curcuma Longa</i> L.	107. <i>Vigna radiata</i> (L.) R Wilczek
88. <i>Tulipa</i> L.	96. <i>Macadamia integrifolia</i> Maiden et Betche, <i>Macadamia tetraphylla</i> L.A.S. Johnson)	
	97. <i>Plukenetia Volubilis</i> L.	
	98. <u><i>Castanea crenata</i></u> Mill.	

Fees for PVP (Circular 180)

Filing (Million VND)	For DUS - 1 Var./1 Appli (Million VND)	Maintaining of Certificate (Million VND)
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Seasonal Crops: 8,3✓ Annual crops: 11✓ Perennial crops: 24	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ The years from 1 – 3: 3✓ The years from 4 – 6: 5✓ The years from 7 – 9: 7✓ The years from 10 – 15: 10✓ From 16th to finish: 20

* *Way of payment:*

- ✓ First year: when receive Certificate
- ✓ From next years: First day of the year for effective of Certi.

Effectiveness of Certificate

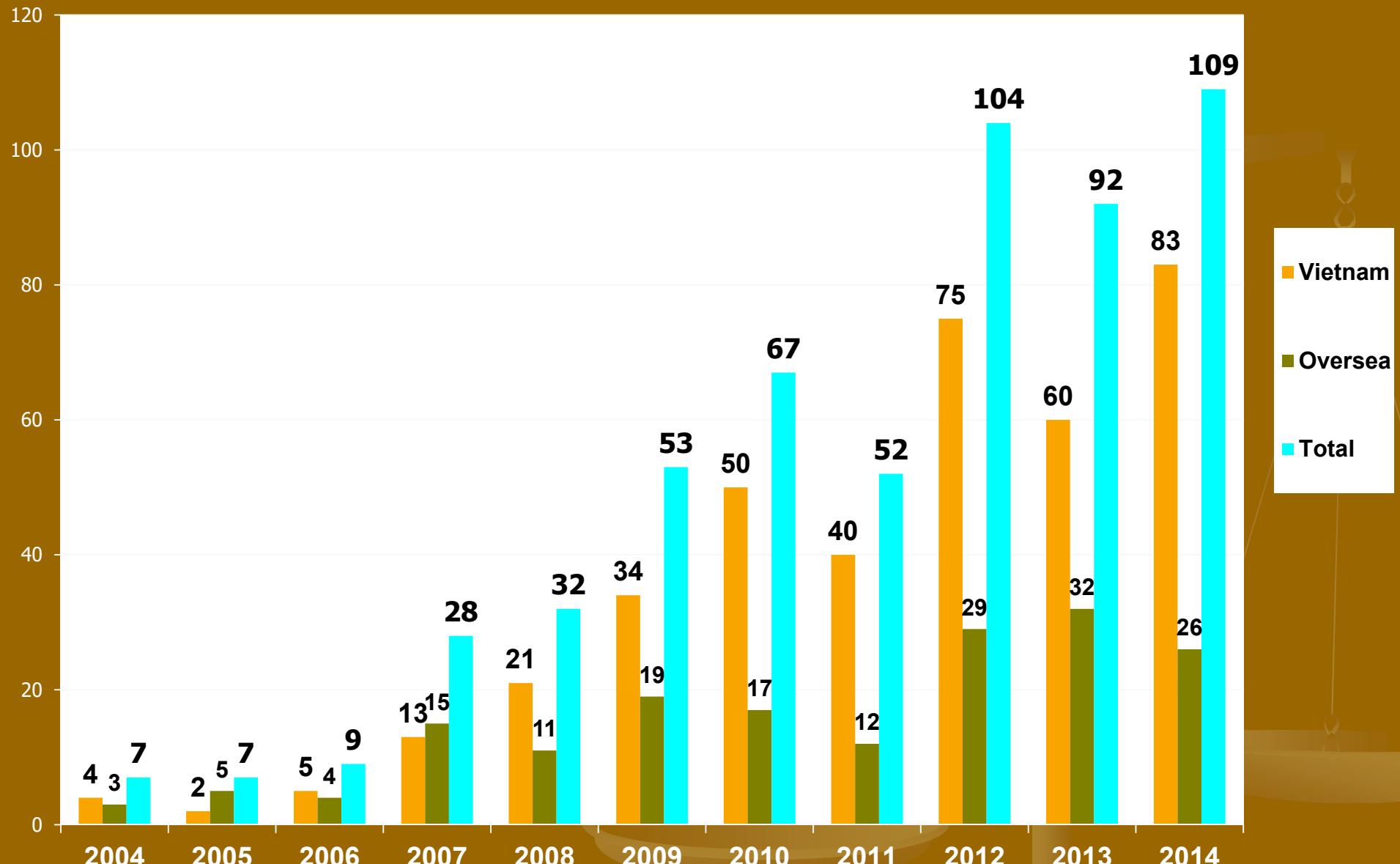
Take effect from the granting date:

- ✓ 25 years for woody and grapevine
- ✓ 20 years for other crops

IMPACT OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION



Applications by years 2004 – 2014



Application is increasing

- Number of application increased – Many good new varieties and new species released for farmer
- Good new var. from oversea and new species - farmer have good income



Current situation of Agriculture

- Exporter on agriculture products
- For rice: 5/10 protected varieties are cultivated in biggest area for exporting
- New varieties of flowers (rose, cymbidium...) is introduced to VN by foreign countries



Increasing the income of farmer

- A cuttings of new rose varieties may reach 10 – 15 times more expensive than old Var.
- New variety is introduced in VN
- Farmer have chance to increase their income





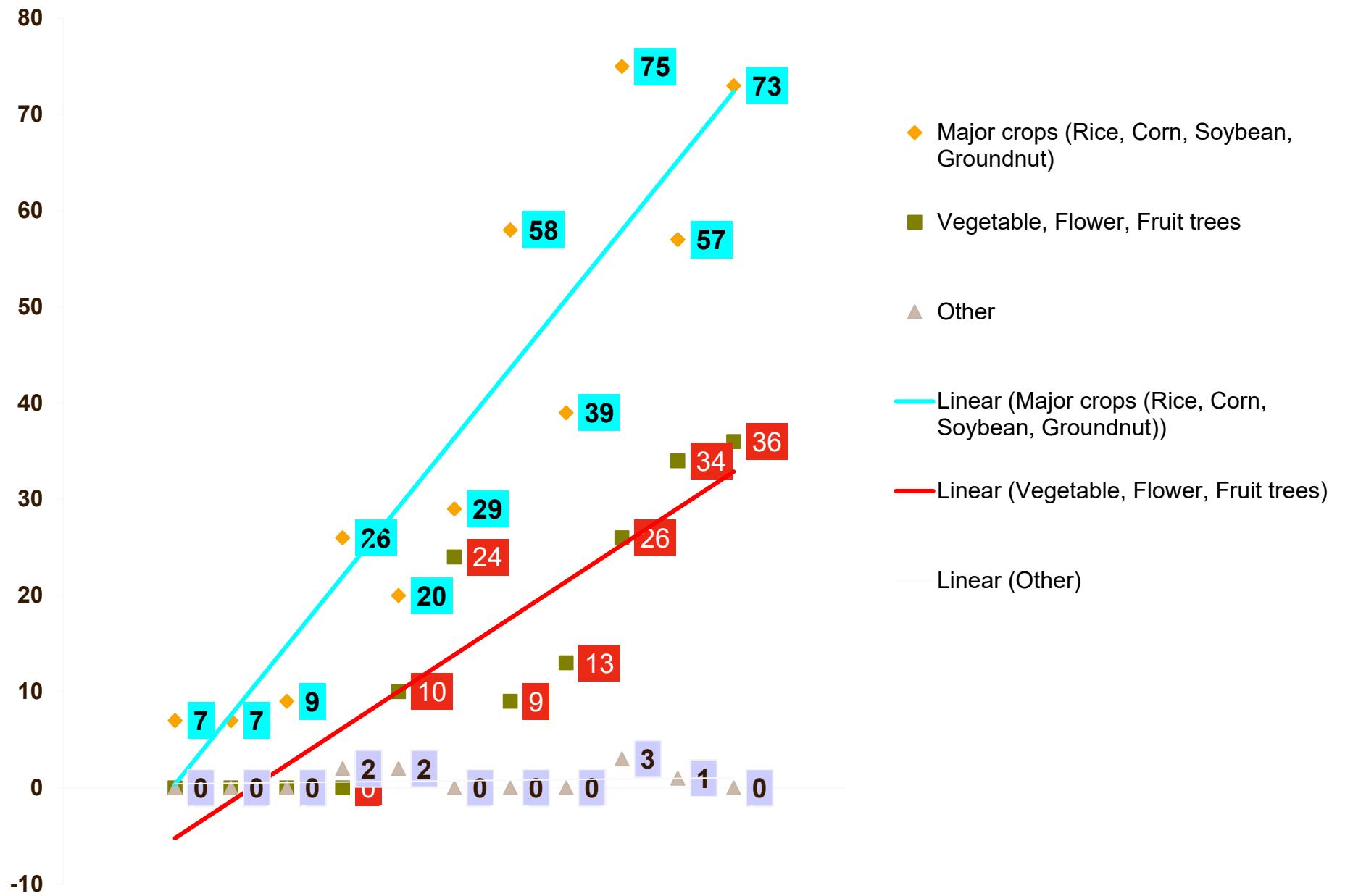
Farmer produce under license from Owners



Waiting
to
the aircraft
for
exportation



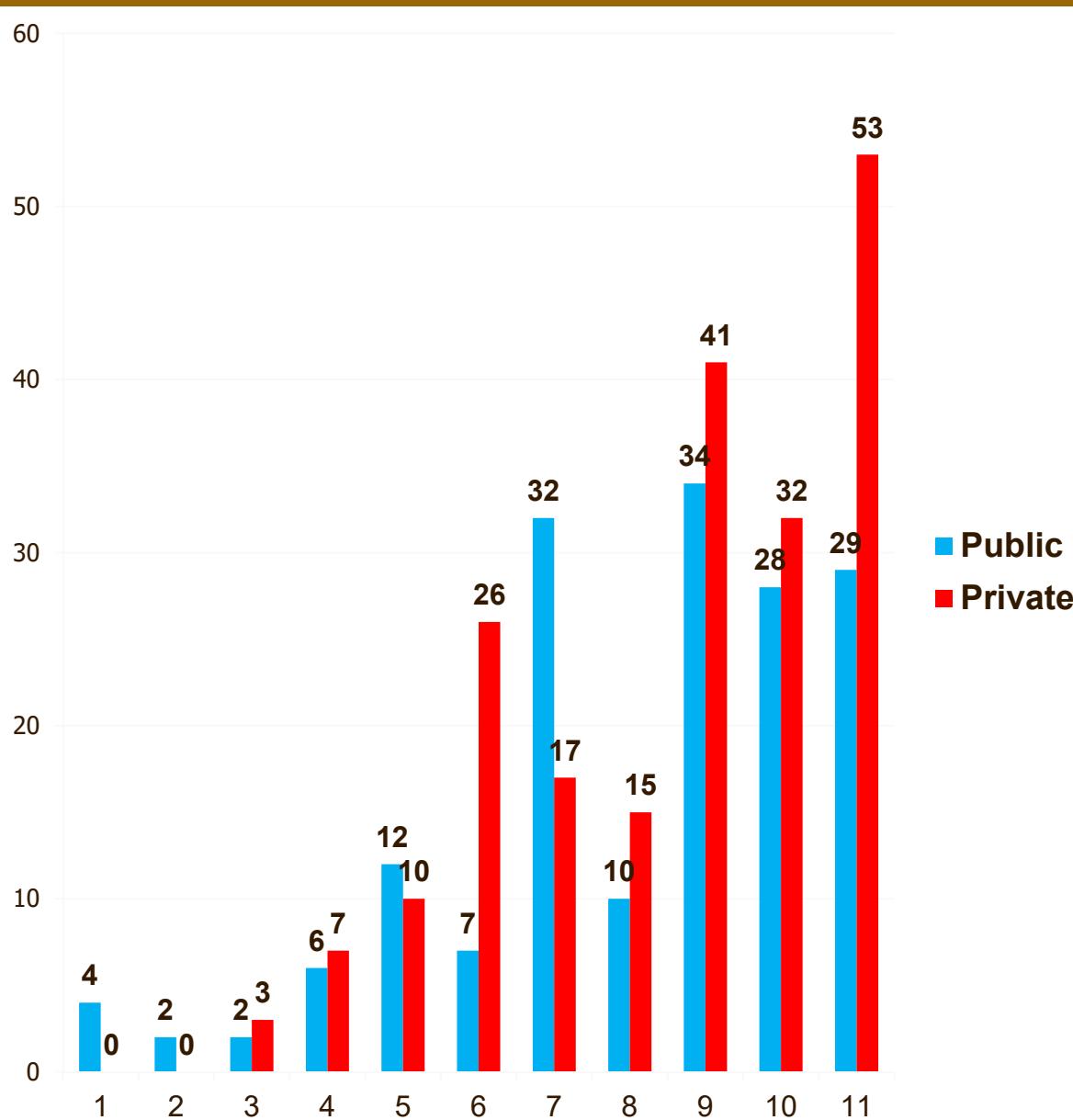
Applications by Groups



Specializing in introduction of a new variety

- For the Varieties from Research Institutes:
 - ✓ Transferred the right to seed companies
 - ✓ Establishing IP Division to exploit of the right in some Research Institutes
- The specialization in development new variety make more effective in exploiting new varieties
- Fair Competition in trade: Who invest to the R/D more, they have more benefits for re-investment to R/D

Domestic applications: Private and Public sectors



- Public sector
(Government Budget):
 - ✓ Research Institutes
 - ✓ Universities
 - ✓ Research Centers
- Private sector:
 - ✓ Individual
 - ✓ VN's Seed Company
- Recent years:
MARD did not invest to Public Sector for breeding as traditional methods

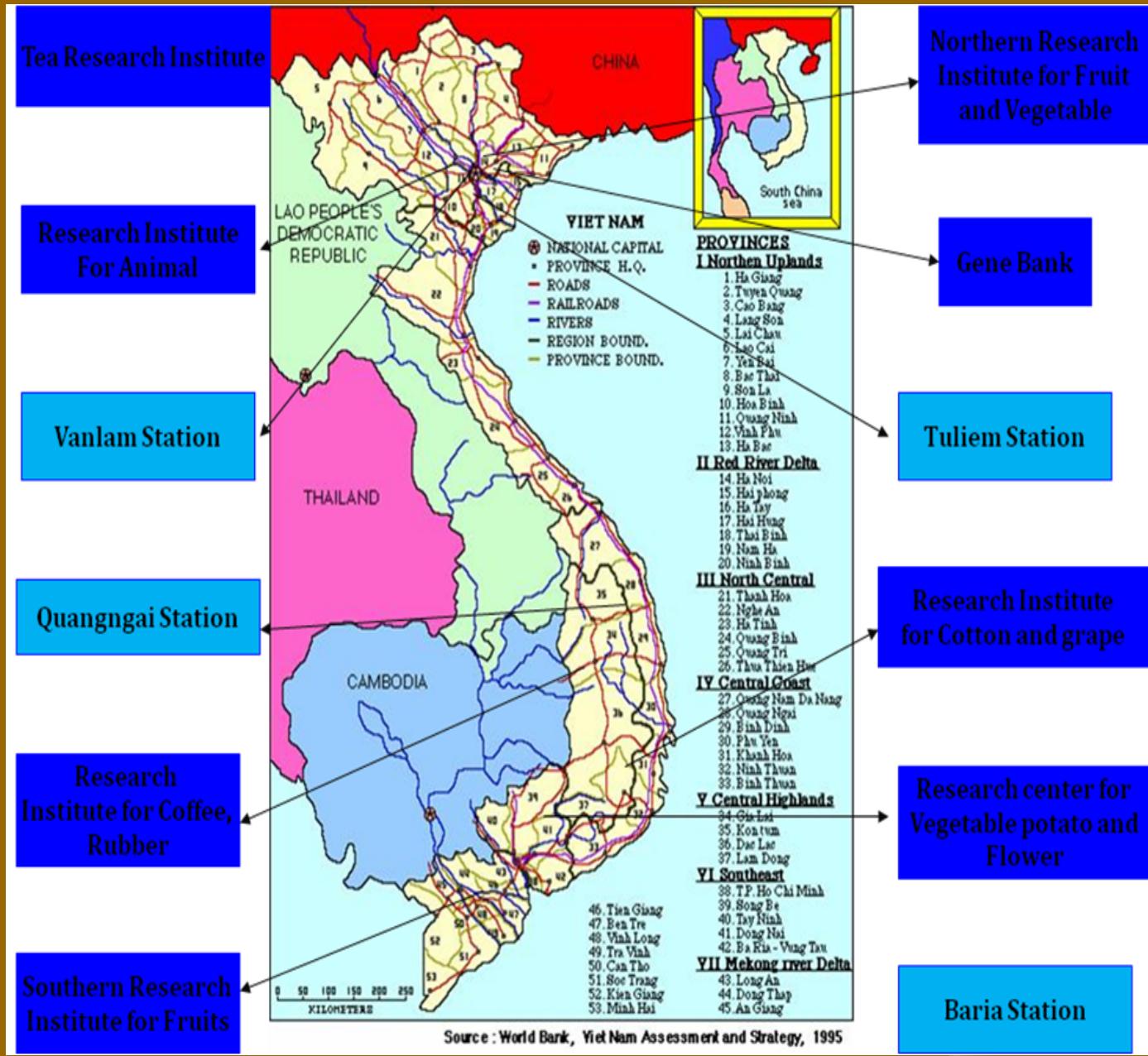
CHALLENGES



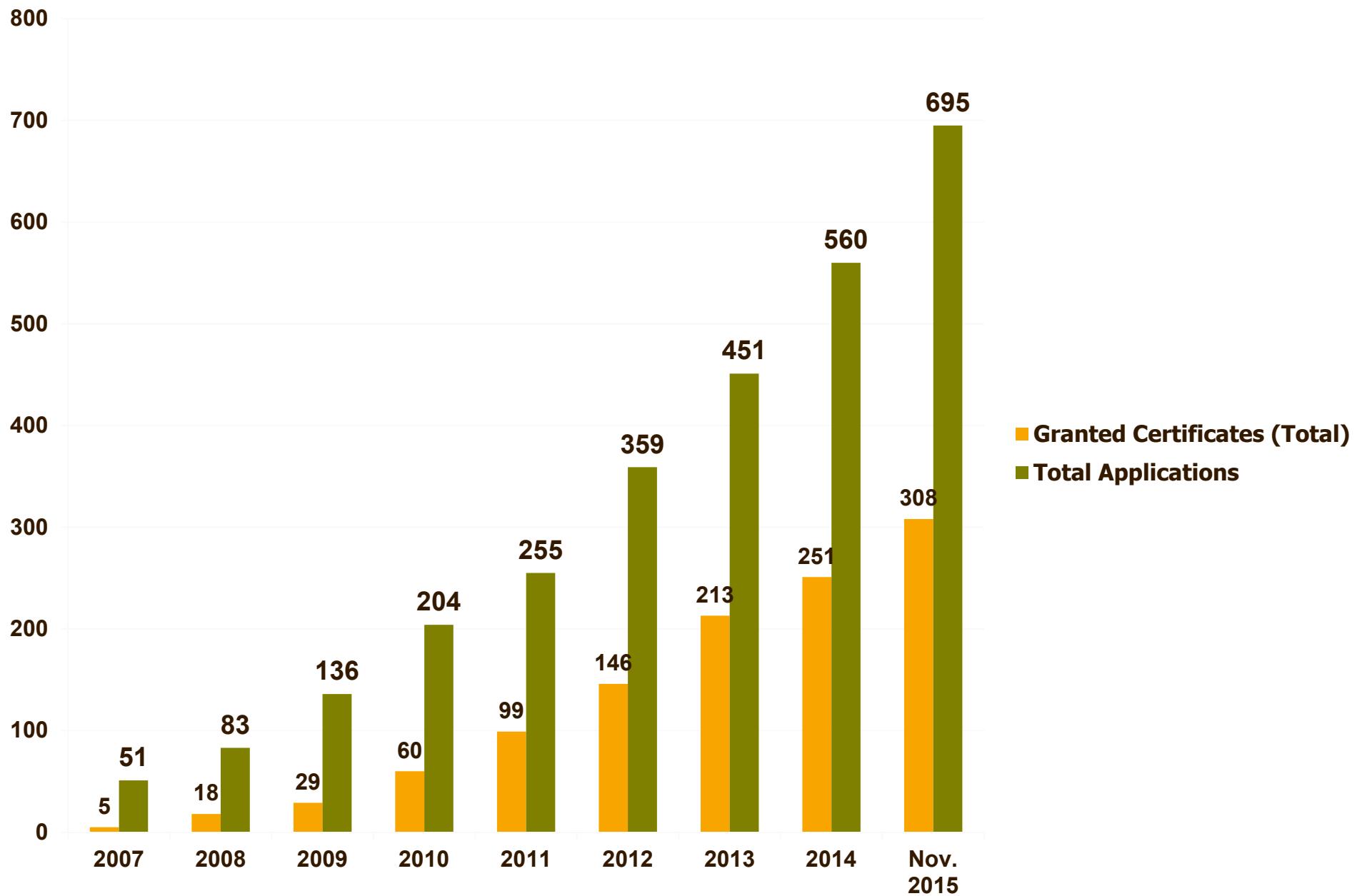
Technical works

- Vietnam is rich of plant species
- Building a system for technical examination for all species is too expensive
 - ✓ Human resource – trained technical staffs
 - ✓ Investment to build infrastructure
 - ✓ Drafting the Guidelines for Technical examination

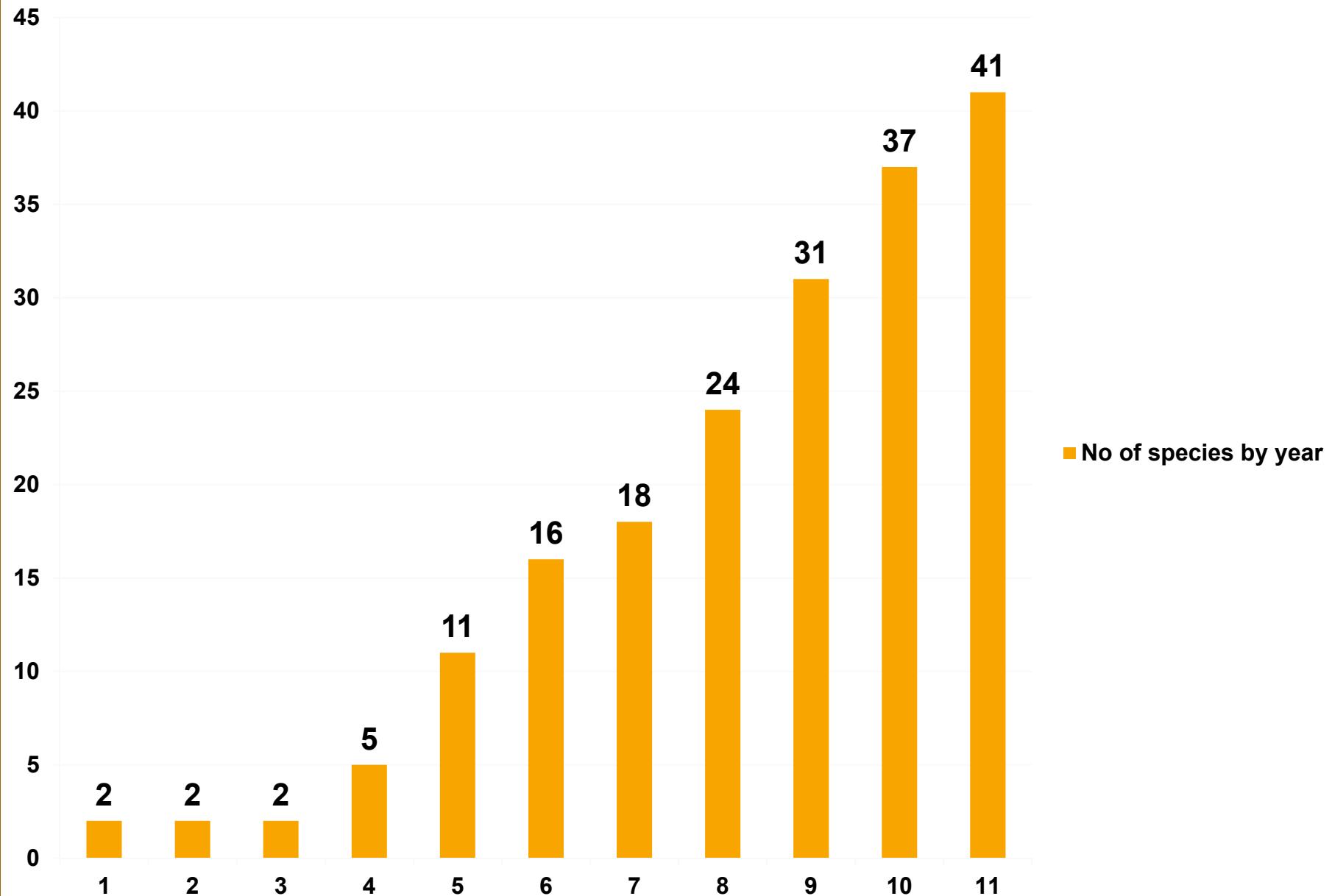
DUS Test Agencies in Vietnam



No of PVP Certificates per total applications



No of species by year



MEASURES TO SOLVE THE CHALLENGES



To promote of International Cooperation

- To receive the assistance from advanced countries – When our PVP system still weak
- Cooperation on examination of application – To make more effective system
- Sharing experiences with region countries

Donors

Country	Content	Time	
UPOV, USA,EU, Japan, France	Training in abroad, Workshop (VN and oversea)	2000 - 2005	 
Denmark, Japan, France	Equipment, training, workshop/seminars	2004 – 2007	 
EAPVP, the Netherlands Australia	Training (Oversea and in- country), equipment, Seminar/workshop	2008- 2011	
Japan (JICA), GNIS (France)	Training (Oversea and in- country), equipment, Seminar/workshop	2010 - 2014	 
UPOV, EAPVP	Training (Oversea and In – country), Seminar/Workshop	2014 - ...	



Japan - August.2007

Agreements
on mutual
accepting
the DUS
Test reports



France Jan.2011



The Netherlands Feb.2011



EU May.2011

Regional Training course for DUS test (VT)

Training course on DUS test for Corn in Vung Tau (VN, LAO, CAMBODIA) –
Funded by GNIS, France



GEVES Examiner's lecture of Corn



Examining the char. with Lao's
and Cambodia colleagues



Measuring some char. of Corn



Presentation on result of practical work

DUS training course for Rice - 2014

LECTURES IN THE ROOM

PRACTICE



Under EAPVP Forum

- Seminar in Myanmar and Lao PDR
- Those Seminar funded by UPOV and Japan under EAPVP forum



Vietnam – Lao cooperation on PVP

High level delegate visit VN, 2012



Technical staffs in TL, 2013



Practice on rice, VL, 2013



IP Program with Lao PDR (2011-2013)



- Sharing information on IP including PVP
 - ✓ Exchanging experience on establishment of PVP System
 - ✓ Workshop/Seminar in Hanoi and Vientiane
 - ✓ Study-tour/training in Vietnam
 - ✓ Establishment of filing PVP application system in Lao

For more effective

- Re-organize the system
- Improving capacity by the International Cooperation in region and others:
 - Sharing Experience
 - Host international PVP events in VN
 - In-country training with the participation from other countries

DUS Test agencies designated by MARD



PVPO' Website

The screenshot shows the homepage of the Vietnamese Plant Variety Protection Organization (PVPO) website. The header features a logo with a gear and wheat, followed by the text "NEW PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OF VIETNAM". A search bar and a link to "Bảo hộ giống cây trồng Việt..." are also present. The main content area displays a news item about the cancellation of PVP Certificates for rice variety ĐT9. The sidebar includes links for "List Category", "Home", "Announcements", and "Filing an application". The bottom navigation bar includes icons for various web browsers.

http://pvpo.mard.gov.vn/Default.aspx

Bảo hộ giống cây trồng Việt...

PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION

NEW PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OF VIETNAM

VIET NAM

Home About Contact Search application, certificate Online Form Statistics

Vietnam PVP

UPOV Overview

News

Legal document

UPOV Documents

List of protected species

Test guidelines

Announcements

PVP representative organization

Links Website

Home

For cancellation the effectiveness of PVP Certificates for rice variety ĐT9
(VPBH - 08/07/2015,07:43:32)

For cancellation the effectiveness of PVP Certificates: GKG1; XL 94017; B265; Đặc ưu 11; TK 96.1; N-
ưu 69; SD268;ĐT26; DEKATALINA

For cancellation of effective for PVP Titles of: LÚA LAI VIỆT LAI 20; HƯƠNG CỐM; FLAMENCO;
PANAMERA; COLOMBA; EVORA;NAVIGATOR; CRISPS4ALL; TAURUS

Granting PVP Titles for 05 varieties of flower: 01 Athurium andeanum: ANTHKINAQ; 04 Phalaenopsis:
ANTHCASDIK; PHALDAMDAP; PHALDIMXAP; PHALFIMWAO

Certificates: GKG1; XL 94017; B265; Đặc ưu 11; TK 96.1; N-
ưu 69; SD268;ĐT26; DEKATALINA

For cancellation of effective for PVP Titles of: LÚA LAI VIỆT LAI 20; HƯƠNG CỐM; FLAMENCO;
PANAMERA; COLOMBA; EVORA;NAVIGATOR; CRISPS4ALL; TAURUS

Filing an application

Online registration

Application Form

PVP Fees

2:27 PM
8/21/2015

Thank you for your attention

- Detail Information:

- PVP Office

- ✓ Room No 105, A6 Build.

No 2 Ngocha Badinh, HANOI

- ✓ Tel: (844)8435182;

- ✓ Fax: 7342844

Website: <http://pvpo.mard.gov.vn>

